





## ARMY LEADER IS BLIND

GENERAL BOOTH IS AT PRESENT IN A CRITICAL CONDITION

The Leader of the Great Salvation Army Movement Almost Blind, and Will Be Operated On—Hopes Held Out for Complete Recovery—General Still Active and Full of Fight in Spite of His Eye Troubles.

London.—Once more the best eye specialists in England are to use the knife on the eyes of General Booth, the aged leader of the Salvation Army, in an effort to restore his fast failing sight. The operation of three years ago for cataract is to be repeated, and high hopes are entertained of ultimate recovery. At the present moment, the Salvation Army chief is practically blind, and is unable to distinguish even the features of a person within a couple of feet of him.

But despite this handicap, General Booth has lost none of his wonderful vigor and enthusiasm. He is now considering a campaign in the south of England and previous to the coming operation will visit Germany and Denmark for a flying motor car trip.

Typical of the astonishing energy of the man is a meeting which has just been held at Balham, an outlying section of London. Not content with preaching both in the morning and evening, he conducted a very interesting lecture in between. In the course of the latter General Booth declared that he wished no memorial upon his death, excepting a huge collection box at his grave wherein those who came to pray and perhaps to shed a tear might drop a few gold pieces for the support of the great movement he now led. The suggestion was made no doubt seriously and will lead to a fulfillment of his wish.

With the failure of his eyesight, the general is becoming more and more dependent upon those in constant attendance upon him. Always a hard man to please, he now tries his immediate family and private secretaries almost beyond endurance. Finding it impossible to sleep at night, he often awakens the whole household and demands that the several members set to work. Much of his dictation is done in the small hours of the morning when dressed in tight-fitting dressing gown, he composes letters, sermons and lectures. Although most of the harder work of administration has been taken over by Bramwell Booth, his favorite son, the general still insists upon keeping autocratic powers of control well within his own hands.

As the autumn of the famous old man's life draws to a close, it becomes more and more evident that the oft-debated secret of his successor, or successors, is no secret at all. The recent trend of affairs within the army has made it obvious to all that Bramwell Booth will step into the shoes of his father, with perhaps considerably restricted powers. The son is not a strong enough man to impose upon the Salvation Army the form of despotism practised by the father, even if the latter intended such a development. Undoubtedly the vast properties of the organization at present in unrestricted control of General Booth will be invested in a committee, but the routine management of the affairs of the army will be placed in the hands of Bramwell Booth.

## FAST GOING BY A TRAIN IN EAST

Doctor on His Way to Save Life Travelled at a Fast Clip

Montreal.—Hitting the tracks for an average speed of over 55 miles an hour a Canadian Pacific railway special train covered the distance between Montreal and Lennoxville in the time of 2 hours and 25 minutes. The train arrived Dr. W. J. Pamison, of this city, to Lennoxville to perform a critical operation on a patient in that place. Windsor station operating officials were given orders regarding the train at 11.45 a.m. for 1 o'clock, and the train left the station sharp on time. It is 110 miles from Montreal to Lennoxville, and had it not been for the fact that the train had to stop at the Lachine bridge and slow down for a number of level diamonds crossing the time would have been cut down a great deal lower than 2 hours and 25 minutes. As it was, the train reached Lennoxville at 3.25 p.m., after having lost over 15 minutes in stops.

This is nearly an hour faster than the time made by the regular passenger trains between these two points. By Conductor Shildon was in charge of the train, with Engineer Langstreth drove engine 919 for the distance.

**To Build Candy Factory in Calgary.**—A candy factory is the most recent industry which has been attracted to Calgary. Joseph L. Heilburn, who has been engaged in the candy and confectionery business in the New England states for the past nineteen years, has organized a company, capitalized at \$25,000, and is looking for a site for the location of a plant in this city.

Fifty men will be employed, and all kinds of candies will be made for distribution throughout Canada.

The company planned to build a factory in Western Canada, and chose Calgary as the logical centre for wide-spread distribution of their wares, after an extensive investigation.

## Murderer's Cold Nerve

Richmond, Va.—Henry Clay Beatty who went to his death at dawn on Thursday last confessed to the murder of his young wife, although the confession was not made public until four hours after he paid the toll exacted by law. He maintained to the end the remarkable nerve exhibited since first he was accused of killing his wife last July. His last expression was a sneer, when he observed the chair that was to launch him into eternity.

Wife (displaying her new bonnet): "This is the very latest fashion, John."

Husband (sighing): "I wish it were, but I know it isn't. There'll be another out next month."

## PITIFUL DEATH OF AN OLD MAN

Seventy-Three Years Old, Lived in a Dugout and Fell Victim to the Cold and Neglect

Castor, Alta.—A pitiful story of an old man's life was brought to light at the inquest on the death of Alex. Davidson, held at Castor recently, by Coroner Lyon, Davidson, an old man, 73 years of age, was found dead last week on his homestead in the Ensligh district, 60 miles east of Castor. It was thought by some of the neighbors that the old man had met death by foul play, so that the coroner deemed an inquest necessary. Davidson was found dead in a most pitiable state. He was lying on some bags of straw in the bottom of a hole in the ground, where he made his habitation. He had on all his clothes and an overcoat, the only covering being another light overcoat. The roof of the place was covered with boards to ward off the snow.

The above particulars were gleaned from the evidence of Wm. J. Park, a neighbor of the dead man, and the one to find his dead body. Continuing his story, Mr. Park said that Davidson often visited his place, where he would read magazines and papers that he brought in from some kind. The reason for so frequent visits was that Davidson could not read or sew in his own habitation. The last visit was on Friday previous to finding the body, when Davidson had spent the day and night with Park. He left for his own place Friday morning and that was the last seen of him alive.

Monday morning there was smoke coming from his quarters. Tuesday morning Park made preparations to go for a load of fuel, but before starting he thought to see how Davidson was faring—not seeing any smoke issuing from his chimney, Park went over to his domicile. The boards over the place were covered with snow. He descended and found Davidson still and cold in death.

The neighbors were at once notified and four of them gathered at the home of the dead man. The body was searched by Park and \$65 in bills was found in his pockets. Three other witnesses corroborated the evidence of Park.

The post-mortem examination was made by Dr. MacPherson, and in his evidence the doctor stated that in his opinion Alex. Davidson came to his death from heart failure and exposure. The jury brought in a verdict, after five minutes' deliberation, as follows: "We, the jury, find that Alex. Davidson came to his death from heart failure brought on by exposure."

A sad picture of the life of this old man can be drawn. He had lived in a dugout for the past couple of years, in a most frugal manner, sustaining life on boiled grain, bread, butter and potatoes; his place of rest bags of straw, and his covering meagre. He has relative living at Duncan, B. C., where the body was shipped.

## PACKAGE OF \$5,000 STOLEN

Night Clerk Was Absent But a Few Minutes and on Returning, Package Was Gone

Regina, Sask.—An express package said to contain about \$5,000 was stolen from the office of the Canadian Northern Express company. The night clerk, a man named Cameron, was absent from the office but a few seconds according to the information he furnished the police. When he returned the package was gone. Nothing else was disturbed and the only person about was a brakeman who was sitting on a chair near the safe. The mounted police and city police were both informed of the robbery but as there is an entire lack of clues no arrests have been made.

Cameron says he left the office to go to the outer room to see that everything was ready to load on to the next train. He declares he could not have been absent over a few seconds. Later when under examination by the police he told a straight story, but could not give any light whatever on the matter. According to the brakeman a baggage man was near by. He was fixing the fire in the outer room when Cameron went out.

## MAN IN CHARGE MISSING

John Chisholm, Supposed to Have Been in Wreck, Has Mysteriously Disappeared

Winnipeg.—The body of a man named Chisholm, who is supposed to have been in the wreck which occurred at Molson, Manitoba, on the Canadian Pacific line two weeks ago, was not found and not likely to be.

He was in charge of a car of live cattle from Brampton en route for Alberta Government farms. When the wreck occurred, a couple of cars were said to have caught fire but no trace of the victim could be found.

His complete disappearance is remarkable as he was seen by the conductor in one of the cars which caught fire about three minutes before the wreck occurred. He was also seen in the car at several places along the company's line.

Several bones which happened to be around were gathered up by the officials of the train and examined by Dr. Coke, of Beausjour, who stated that there were no human bones among them.

William J. Chisholm, of Glen Road, Antigonish, N.S., is very uneasy concerning the fate of his son John, who was supposed to be in charge of a car of stock.

## Would Massacre Foreigners

Pekin.—Missionaries arriving at Peking from Tung Chow Fu, eighty miles north-east of Sian Fu, give accounts of the recent revolution in the province of Shen Si, where the anti-foreign element declared their intention to exterminate foreigners, Christians, and Manchus, but only partly succeeded. The rebel General Sian Fu, they say has issued a proclamation to the people not to harm merchants, foreigners, or non-combatant Chinese, but only to destroy the Manchus.

If a reform is adopted, it develops within a year or two that there is something the matter with it.

## THE HAIL INSURANCE

FARMERS SUGGEST THAT PRESENT SYSTEM BE CHANGED

United Farmers of Alberta Are Taking an Active Interest in the Hail Insurance Question, and Many Resolutions Offering Suggestions Have Been Passed and Will Be Presented to Government for Consideration.

Calgary.—That some radical change in the hail insurance system of Alberta is necessary, is evidenced by the deluge of complaints and resolutions which have poured in upon E. J. Fream, secretary of the United Farmers of Alberta, within the last two months. The complaints are in many cases individual, but they are frequently supported by corroborative evidence from members of local unions and by resolutions suggesting various remedies. Of the three hundred and more local unions in the province, 150 have passed resolutions asking for remedies of some kind, and the majority of the others will follow within the next month or two.

In the main, the charges are that the present system of hail insurance, through the treasury department of the government, is inadequate. Delay in acknowledging premiums and paying liabilities, unsatisfactory and inadequate inspection and slottful agents are a few of the complaints against the present system of hail insurance by the farmers in the province.

Recommendations for compulsory hail insurance or for voluntary insurance with a system of public ownership, under the management of an independent commission, are being made by those districts which have suffered most and which are anxious to hasten action in the matter.

At present nothing definite is under contemplation at the headquarters of the U. F. A. here. Hail insurance has been a stock bone of contention since before 1906. Mr. Fream is at present at work preparing a synopsis of the expressions of the various local unions, to be presented to the annual convention in Red Deer on January 16.

By the present system postmasters and secretaries of school districts are authorized to collect premiums at the rate of 25 cents per acre; to secure the maximum indemnity of \$4 per acre. The farmer must pay a commission of 50 cents to the agent to cover the cost of remitting the money to Edmonton, and the farmer is not entitled to the benefit until the department of the receipt of the money is received from the treasury department. Herein lies the first batch of grievances. The commission paid to the agent is not sufficient to induce him to take a careful interest in the work; the indemnity is not sufficient to secure the farmer against bankruptcy in severe cases; the government is so slow in making acknowledgments that many farmers are victims of the storm before their insurance is secured.

It is also declared that the inspectors are too few and the territory too large, and that this results in serious delay. In several districts inspectors are charged with "skipping" some of their territory, and of making unnecessary trips. Notice of hail must be sent by the farmer to the department by registered mail; the government then forwards lists to the inspector, and delay and much useless travelling is occasioned by the carelessness of the clerks of the department.

One case has been cited to the secretary of the U. F. A., this year, of a farmer's premium being returned to him two months after the government had acknowledged the receipt of the money, and the acceptance of the risk. In seven cases in one district the government is alleged to have refused to pay the indemnity on the ground that the crop was hailed out before the farmers assert that the premiums were deposited with the local agent some time before any storm occurred.

In another case a farmer charges that his premium was marked as refused at the end of the season, but the money was retained. He was not entitled to indemnity, as his crop was a full one.

Compulsory insurance under an independent commission is the ideal most frequently advanced. The reorganization of the treasury department and the placing of the insurance scheme on a more businesslike basis by a few minor reforms are suggested by the farmers in districts frequently affected. And it is said that in towns and cities there is already an embryo agitation to ask that the government abandon the whole scheme in favor of the private company.

## Nothing Definite About Canadians

Ottawa.—In answer to a question put by Mr. Clarke, Essex, Mr. Borden, in the house, said he had made inquiries as to the safety of Canadian missionaries in disturbed districts of the Chinese empire. The matter had been put before the foreign office of the British government, and assurances had been received that the office would take all possible steps to assure the safety of Canadians and British subjects in China. Also the governor-general had received a cable from the secretary of state for the colonies in effect that as yet it was impossible to ascertain just what the situation of the Canadians threatened in China was.

## Another Mexican Rebellion

Canea, Sonora, Mexico.—That a conspiracy exists in Mexico, participated in by adherents of General Bordena Reyes to foment a general rebellion against the government of President Madero, was declared here recently by Mexican officers who caused the arrest of more than twenty men, charged with being members of the Revista band. Many of those under arrest are prominent and were aligned with Madero in his struggle against Diaz.

## Manitoba Boundary Changed

Toronto.—The proposed change in the Manitoba boundary has been altered to allow Ontario and Manitoba to jointly own Port Nelson on Hudson's Bay, there being no navigation harbor on James Bay, or the east side of Hudson's Bay.

## Object to Altering Length of Term

Toronto.—The council of the Ontario College of Pharmacy, decided against adopting the recommendation of the dean, C. F. Hoebner, that the prescribed course be two years instead of one as at present.

## THE FEMALE WAGE-EARNER

Make Provision for Your Future By Putting Away a Portion of Your Monthly Earnings

"Is it possible for a female wage-earner to save from her monthly wage an amount which in the aggregate will be sufficient to provide her with an income from the time her earning days are over?" was recently the subject of an interesting discussion at a Women's Club, and the conclusion came to was, that if the wage-earner were earning less than \$500 a year this would be extremely difficult. For the purpose of illustration, the period of accumulation was assumed to be from 23 to 60, and the amount of capital required \$6,000, in order to yield an income of \$300 a year, which was considered to be the minimum amount on which she could maintain herself with comfort and respectability. All this may be quite true. But there is another plan of investment of which the ladies had evidently not heard, namely, the Canadian Government Annuities system, which is not only absolutely safe, but which will give a much larger return for a much smaller investment, and larger it may be said than any other plan available will give as a means of making provision for old age.

For example, if a woman of 23 were to deposit with the Government yearly the sum of \$39.24 until she was 60, which she could do by weekly or monthly instalments if she preferred, or a total of \$1451.88 only, the Government would pay her \$300 a year or \$75 every three months so long as she might live from and after 60. If she died before attaining that age, the total payments made with 3 per cent. compound interest would be refunded to her heirs. If she died at 65 she would receive \$2425.77, or \$1052.37 more than she had paid in up to that time.

If she had no one dependent upon her and was concerned about herself only, she could secure under the "B" plan the same quarterly income of \$75 for an annual payment of \$29.67, or for a total paid in of \$1097.79—a yearly return for life no matter how long that may be of nearly 30 per cent. of the sum invested.

Mark the enormous difference: on the one hand she would require at 60 a capital of \$6000 invested at 5 per cent. to yield her an income of \$300, with all the accompanying anxiety of making the investment, and the accumulating period. In ninety-nine cases out of one hundred she would not, having regard to the recurring temptation to use the money, have the capital at 60 which would be necessary to give the income. You have only to write (postage free) to the Superintendent of Canadian Government Annuities, Ottawa, to obtain full information in regard to this provident scheme.

## B. C. SHOULD TAKE OVER YUKON

A. B. C. Newspaper Insists That the Gold Territory Would Be Greatly Benefitted Through It

Vancouver.—Unique proposal is advanced by The Phoenix Pioneer, in the form of a resolution for consideration at the fifth annual convention of the British Columbia Conservative association, the resolution in effect says:

"The time is now opportune to urge upon the Canadian government desirability of annexing to British Columbia the whole Yukon territory."

Supporting this resolution The Pioneer says: "A sufficient excuse for this resolution is the undoubted resiliency of British Columbia mining laws and their administration, compared with the archaic methods heretofore in vogue in the Yukon methods that have brought the blush of shame to thousands of Canadians. It may be further urged that the Yukon will proceed by leaps and bounds once it is annexed to British Columbia, more especially as completion of the Panama canal is certain to double the riches and importance of British Columbia within a few years."

## CALGARY FAIR JUNE 28-JULY 7

Over Seventeen Thousand Dollars Set Aside for the Races—First Fair in Circuit

Calgary.—The 1912 Calgary exhibition will be held June 28 to July 7.

These dates were decided upon at a meeting of the directorate held recently when matters pertaining to the next annual fair were discussed.

The western circuit has been arranged in the following order: "Calgary, Winnipeg, Brandon, Regina, Saskatoon, Edmonton, and probably Lethbridge."

The amount of \$17,550 will be spent on the races next year.

The report of the racing committee which was adopted provides for \$5,500 for running races, and \$9,050 for harness races. Additional sums will be provided for stake races.

Up to date \$450 has been spent on the track and the work of resurfacing is progressing splendidly. To facilitate the hauling of earth a temporary bridge has been built over the Elbow river.

Another meeting of the racing committee will be held shortly to complete the programme of races at the fair.

The lighting committee accepted the tender of the Cunningham Electric Light Co. for the wiring and fixtures of the new horse show building, their tender being the lowest.

Eighteen directors were present at the meeting.

## Found Guilty of Manslaughter

Philadelphia.—Frank W. McMahony, who shot and killed Geo. A. Leahy, whom he accused of betraying his 18-year-old daughter, was found guilty of manslaughter by a jury. The shooting occurred last May near the residence of the victim in West Philadelphia. Judge Breky ruled strongly against the introduction of the "unwritten law."

## C. P. R. Earnings Increase

Winnipeg.—The C. P. R. earnings for the week ending Nov. 21, were \$2,250,000, an increase of \$120,000.

## WHEAT KING HONORED

ROSTERN HONORS WINNER OF SHAUGHNESSY PRIZE

Governor Brown, of Saskatchewan, and Many Other Notables Present—Messages of Congratulations from Sir Thomas Shaughnessy and Premier Hon. Walter Scott—A Big Time and a Big Turn-Out.

Rosthern, Sask.—An eminently fitting celebration to mark the remarkable achievement was the banquet tendered to Segar Wheeler here, winner of the thousand dollar prize given by Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, at the New York land show. The variety which was the Marquis, a variety which Wheeler started to raise last year. Efforts were made to have Sir Thomas Shaughnessy at the Rosthern banquet, but the railway magnate wired his regrets, and included a congratulatory message to Mr. Wheeler. Letters and wires were read from Premier Scott of Saskatchewan; Premier Roblin, of Manitoba; Premier Sifton, of Alberta; F. W. G. Haultain, E. J. Chamberlain and members of the Saskatchewan legislature; Duncan Marshall, minister of agriculture; Hon. ex-Mayor Hopkins, Mayor McKee, Mayor McKee, Regina; Mayor Fleming, Brandon.

Merchard Ems, member of the legislature for Rosthern, made a capital chairman. Lieut.-Governor Brown, of Saskatchewan, graced the proceedings by his presence, and, with Segar Wheeler, had a seat alongside the chairman. Among others present were Hon. Turgeon, attorney-general; Mr. Howell, minister of agriculture; Hon. A. P. McNab, municipal commissioner of Saskatchewan; Dean Rutherford, of the University of Saskatchewan; Mayor Holmes, Prince Albert; Thomas McKay, ex-M. L. A., Prince Albert, and others.

The town hall was gorgeously decorated with flags, bunting and wheat. A quantity of the wheat which won the prize and many other varieties of wheat arranged in the hall created a great deal of interest.

Lieut.-Gov. Brown, who had been tendered a civic reception at Rosthern and who later visited the Wheeler farm, five miles east of town, thanked the citizens of Rosthern for their very cordial reception. The record of Rosthern was one of progress and advancement. Perseverance and faith of Rosthern settlers and been an incentive to other settlements. They had met that night to do honor to one of their settlers. Agriculture being the leading industry of the province, it was not wise to allow the remarkable achievement of Segar Wheeler to go unrecognized, and Wheeler won this prize at New York with Marquis, in competition with older varieties. Through Wheeler's enterprise, it proved that Rosthern, Saskatchewan, raised the best wheat in the world. Wheeler had the courage to raise this wheat and exhibit it at New York in face of the strongest competition. Many others might raise excellent wheat, and lacking Wheeler's courage, never know it was the best wheat in the world. In the south-west part of the province we are as proud of Wheeler's success as you are. It means dollars to every farmer in the province. Saskatchewan produces two-thirds of the wheat raised in all Canada. Canada is eighth in the list of wheat-producing countries in the world."

## RECORD PRICE FOR CATTLE

Montana Grass Fed Steers Sell at \$7.90 And Are in Great Demand in That City

Chicago.—An unprecedented high price paid here recently for range cattle has called attention to a condition which stockmen say threatens to maintain high prices of meat unless it is met by activity among cornbelt stock raisers.

F. A. Heinrich of Montana was paid \$7.90 a hundred pounds for 20 head of cattle that never had eaten other than grass of the open range, a price never before attained on the Chicago cattle market for range stock. The previous highest price was \$7.60, paid in October, 1909, to another Montana stock raiser. The high priced cattle were 4-year-olds, averaging 1820 pounds, and were destined for the Boston market. The daily receipts being nearly 10,000 a day less than at this time last year, according to statisticians, indicate that range cattle practically are on the down grade in point of numbers.

## Object to Improve Domestic Service

Calgary.—A committee has been appointed by the Women's Industrial council with the object of improving domestic service as a career for industrial women, says M. A. P. The first step which they will take will be to institute a wide-spread inquiry into existing conditions, and into the desirability of such reforms as have been proposed in domestic service generally. A somewhat similar investigation was made, it may be remembered, about ten years ago, and the results published in an article by Miss Catherine Webb, in the Nineteenth Century for June, 1903. In that case, however, the replies to the questions asked were chiefly from mistresses and heads of institutions, whereas in this case, the opinions of servants themselves are also to be obtained through the agency of the Girls' Friendly Society, the M. A. B. S., Girls clubs, and kindred institutions.

## Explosion Kills 33

Liverpool.—Thirty-three persons were killed and one hundred injured in an explosion at Bibby and Company's Oil Cake Mill here. The boiler exploded, hurling the mangled bodies of all parts of the wrecked building. Many of those injured are expected to swell the death list.

## Munsey Sells Newspapers

Philadelphia.—Frank Munsey announced he will sell his Boston and Philadelphia papers. He admits editorially his inability to make them a go and blames the staffs.

## HEAVY ROCK WORK

Difficulties Experienced by Canadian Northern Railway in British Columbia

A piece of railway construction that is almost unique is now under way on the British Columbia Division of the Canadian Northern Railway. It is a three mile stretch between Spence's Bridge and Waltham located at a point about an equal distance from the town of Lytton and Ashcroft and in that strip of right of way four tunnels are to be built. One will be fifteen hundred feet in length, another a thousand feet and the two others five hundred feet each.

Recently six hundred men were employed there, but this number will probably be doubled in the immediate future. Owing to the anxiety of the Canadian Northern to complete the entire section of their line from Edmonton to Vancouver it is probable that construction work will be proceeded with during the winter. This, however, should prove in no sense a hardship because of the mellow climate of the coast province and of the fact that this underground cutting will place the men employed beyond the interference of conditions obtaining outside.

In addition to this section of heavy rock work there are two other tunnels to be built in this mountain district that are even of greater size. One of these, which is located near the town of Yale is to be almost half a mile long, or to be exact 2,070 feet. The other bore is to be made in the Ashcroft. Already the contractor in charge is busy at work on the Yale tunnel and a very large staff of men is employed. The portals have been driven at both ends and the drillers are hard at work. The job will be pushed forward as vigorously as possible and there seems to be no scarcity of white labor.

## REASONS FOR DELAYED FREIGHT

Complaints Are Very Numerous About the Bad Freight Service in the West

Brandon.—Complaints are very numerous just now in regard to delayed freight shipments on all lines, from the east and west and on local shipments. Shippers say that goods coming from Japan were weeks longer in getting here than they should be and when they did come they had been laid out in Winnipeg for a number of days. One of the main causes of the trouble lies in the fact that the commencement of wheat movement was over thirty days later this year than in the average season and the rush now has demoralized other freight traffic. Another reason given for the trouble is that the railways are compelled to give all their attention to hauling of coal for the west. The extent of the coal traffic may be imagined when it is understood that for its own use the Canadian Pacific is compelled to get a hundred carloads daily. Another cause that adds to the trouble is the intense cold, which has reduced the carrying capacity of roads fully 25 per cent. Meantime wholesale and retail dealers and manufacturing concerns are greatly inconvenienced by the slow movement of freight.

## INVOKED THE BLESSING OF GOD

"Pray and Fight" Women's Motto—Parts of London Resemble Tripoli

London—"Pray and Fight," is the motto of the militant women seeking the franchise in the United Kingdom, who wrought great havoc in the west end of London, and who are going to prison for principle.

In accordance with the plan adopted, women in most sections of the metropolis entered places of worship during the morning and afternoon, knelt in silent prayer and then went forth to take their share in the night's fighting.

In some instances ministers joined in the prayers, asking the blessing of Providence on the women's cause. Evidence of the grit and effectiveness with which they protest against manhood suffrage was very plain.

Parliament street and Parliament Square suggested pictures of Tripoli after the Italian bombardment. Within a space of 100 yards, the corner of the Daily News counted 75 glaziers replacing broken window panes, while innumerable other breakages awaited their services. The work of the glaziers, some at second and third windows, the majority at windows on the ground floors, attracted the attention of large and smiling crowds of men and boys, but scarcely a woman was to be seen.

## FAT STOCK SHOW IN APRIL

Two Shows to Be Held in 1912—Important Decision by Executive

Calgary.—The Provincial Fat Stock show will be held in April at the time of the Horse Show for the last time. After next year the show will be held in December at the time of the poultry show.

The reasons for the change from a spring to a midwinter show are that the stock are in their best condition about December. There will be two shows in 1912. The spring show will be April 8 to 12.

Livestock Commissioner Stevens and Immigration Commissioner Hotchkiss were appointed to represent the Alberta Breeders at Toronto when a conference will be held with the railway companies to talk about freight rates on live stock.

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## A. A. Bruton Disappears

Fargo, N.D.—Police officials throughout the northwestern area have been notified of the disappearance of A. A. Bruton, cashier of the First National Bank of Blanchard, N.D., who left his home last Monday and was last seen in Fargo.

## THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

LESSON X.—FOURTH QUARTER, FOR DEC. 3, 1911.

Text of the Lesson Neh. iv, 8-18. Memory Verses, 18, 17—Golden Text, I Cor. xvi, 13—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

Our lesson topic today is the building of a great wall by such unlikely instruments that their enemies had to confess that the work was wrought of God (vi, 16). They had a mind to work, they watched and prayed while they wrought, and they did the work nearest to them. As to their having a mind to work (verse 6), we cannot but think of the willing men and women and the willing offerings of Ex. xxxv, 21-29, and of David's preparing with all his might for the house of his God because he had set his affection upon it (I Chron. xxix, 2, 3); of Hezekiah also, who wrought that which was good and right and truth before the Lord his God and did it with all his heart and prospered (II Chron. xxxi, 20, 21). We cannot all do as we would like to nor as some others do, but "if there be first a willing mind it is accepted according to that a man hath and not according to that he hath some. And we are only expected to minister of the ability which God giveth (II Cor. viii, 12; I Pet. iv, 11). The time will come when in an unprecedented way His people shall be willing in the day of His power (Ps. cx, 3). As to watching and praying see Mark xiii, 33-37; xiv, 38. Observe in chapter iii, 6, 8, 12, 17, 22, the kind of people who builded—goldsmiths, apothecaries, merchants, priests, Levites, and even the rulers—but note that certain nobles put not their necks to the work of the Lord. In verses 23, 25, 29, we read that some repared "over against his house" or "by his house," suggesting that we should be ready to do the thing that is at hand to be done, "ready to do whatever our Lord the King shall appoint" (II Sam. xv, 15). Even though some may raise, the work shall be finished, for the Lord will not fail nor be discouraged" (Isa. xlii, 4). It is worthy of note that the work began and ended at the sheep gate (iii, 1, 32), which suggests to me that there can be no work for God until redeemed by the blood of the Lamb, and the completed church will sing, "Thou hast redeemed us to God by thy blood." Nehemiah found many enemies who not only ridiculed the work and the workers, but conspired against them to hinder it (iv, 1-3, 7, 8, 41). So it has been since Cain killed Abel and will be until the great last gathering of the enemy and his hosts against the Lamb and His redeemed ones just before the millennium and a very last and final conflict at the end of the thousand years (Rev. xvi, 14; xix, 19, 20;





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137 EIGHTH AVENUE, E. CHICAGO  
8311 WEST GLEICHEN RD.  
Two Months  
For Examination at Your Drug Store

**J. T. McALPIN HUGHES**  
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VETERINARY  
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Gleichen and Strathmore

DENTIST

**G. R. McIntyre, L.D.S., D.D.S.**  
Graduate Royal College Dental  
Surgeons, Toronto

Registry Practised in All Its  
Branches  
GAS ADMINISTERED  
Office to Fargherson Block,  
GLEICHEN

**J. H. RILEY**  
General Blacksmithing  
Residence of all kinds  
Horse-shoeing & Repairs

A TRIAL SOLICITED  
Gleichen, - - Alberta

**A. WHITELEY**  
Plumber, etc.

Hot and Cold Water  
and Steam Fitting

All Work Guaranteed  
FIFTH AVE., GLEICHEN  
P.O. Box 36

**Gibson & Larkin**  
BAKERS  
Gleichen, - Alta.

**LAST CHANCE RANCH**  
T. F. McILROY, Proprietor,  
QUEENSTOWN

**"WILLARD" No. 26025.**  
Bred by J. H. L. in left shank.  
Sells for about \$1000 in left hip.  
Fertile Horns! 101 in left hip and left  
eye.  
Age of 1000, 101 in left hip and left  
eye.  
A pair of Horns branded JJ in  
left shank.  
Heavy Draft Horses for  
Sale.  
QUEENSTOWN, ALBERTA

FOR BEST RESULTS USE  
Stanton Holme  
Canadian  
**STOCK FOOD**  
and Veterinary  
**REMEDIES**  
Including COLIC,  
COUGH and FEVER  
BRUISES  
See also other Lintment  
Emulsions, etc.  
For Sale by All Druggists  
also at Veterinary, Gleichen

**THE BOW VALLEY CALL**

Published Every Thursday in the heart of a Wonderful Rich Ranching and  
Farming District.

Subscription, \$1.50 a Year; Foreign countries, \$2.00.  
Exchange must be added on orders.  
Local Advertising 12 cents a line for first insertion and 10 cents for each subsequent inser-  
tion—12 lines or less. Single Copies 5 cents. Terms: Payment in Advance and Postage extra.  
Advertisers to count one insertion or three insertions for \$1.00. Single copy 5 cents. Columns less  
than one month. Change must reach this office not later than the 10th of each month.

Call Office—Corner Gleichen Street and Fourth Avenue Telephone No. 12  
P.O. Box 18  
W. PAUL EVANS, Publisher and Proprietor.

Gleichen, Alberta, November 30, 1911

**Every Man His Own Assessor**

During the past few months considerable discussion has been in-  
troduced in Gleichen concerning the question of single tax, therefore,  
the following extracted from a letter written by a correspondent of an  
exchange will be found of interest:  
The single tax system, by which the sole basis of valuation for  
taxation is the land itself and not the improvements made by the  
occupier, is now becoming generally recognized as the simplest and most  
satisfactory form of assessment. Winnipeg is talking about adopting it  
wholly instead of partly, and in doing so will only be following the  
example of other western cities and towns where it is working satisfac-  
torily.

There is, however, one defect in the system which applies equally to  
every other system of taxing of real property which obtains in  
Canada to day, and that is the difficulty in getting assessors who will  
assess properly. With the best of intentions, assessors or commis-  
sioners appointed to set values, make mistakes, with the result that inequali-  
ties are discovered which create discontent.

"The Germans, in the province of Shantung, in China, some four-  
teen years ago, established a highly ingenious system of valuation which  
seemed to work out satisfactorily. Their system was to make every  
owner his own assessor. Once a year an officer was appointed by law,  
under heavy penalties, to furnish a statutory declaration to the authori-  
ties of what he valued his property at. On that basis he or was taxed for  
the following twelve months.

"To insure the strictest honesty on the part of the owner,  
who may be tempted to under-value his property, the state has the right  
to purchase the property at any time at the price set upon it by the  
owner. The register is open to the inspection of the public upon pay-  
ment of a small fee, and anyone can demand that the assessor shall ex-  
plain his opinion and reach immediately at a small and fixed percentage  
of profit, to the first applicant. Any private sale also has to be registered  
at the actual price, and that price immediately becomes the assessment  
value."

**Why the Boys Leave the Farm**

Canada's farming population in the eastern provinces is decreasing  
that is plainly shown by the recent census. Go where you may through  
the provinces, the farmers will tell you that their boys have deserted the  
arms for professions, trades or business; that it is impossible to keep  
them at home. Well, perhaps the farmer himself is just as much to  
blame as anyone else for this state of affairs.

Recently a famous lawyer in the United States, addressing an  
audience of farmers, told why he left the farm at a comparatively early  
age. Here is his explanation:

"When I was a boy on the farm we were compelled to rise about  
our o'clock every morning. From the time we got on our clothes until  
7:30 o'clock we fed live stock and milked the cows. Then breakfast.  
After breakfast we worked in the field until 11:30 o'clock, then, after  
feeding at least thirty minutes in caring for the teams we went to  
lunch. We went back to work at one o'clock and remained in the field  
until 7:30 o'clock. After quitting the field we did chores until 8:30 o'clock,  
and then we were obliged to go to bed right away so that we  
could be able to do a good day's work on the morrow."

If we get down to facts, however, is not that just about what the farm-  
ers in Canada have done? In the harvest time he has to spend most of  
his longer hours in the fields. Compare this drudgery with the work of city  
boys and men and you can easily see why the farm boy wants to get off  
the farm.

If the farmer wishes to keep his sons and daughters with him he  
will have to spend more money in paying wages of farm laborers and  
more money also in making his home comfortable. And in order to do  
this he may have to choose more than he does now for his products.  
There seems no other way out of it.

**Real Issues and Others**

Goldwin Smith was always prophesying the death of the party  
system because there was no real issues left. If he had lived another  
year he might have changed his mind. The election of September, 1911,  
seems to prove that the real issues that have existed ever since Adam  
Smith wrote "The Wealth of Nations," and men began to formulate  
their views on protection and free trade, are merely in a state of sus-  
pended animation, and need only some magic word like reciprocity to  
revive them. His death leaves, however, one way and another the world is  
working around to the best form of government and constitutional issues  
are being as rapidly as they are settled, the universal instinct being to give  
the people more power. But there are no universal instincts with re-  
gard to trade policy, and there are no universal statistics. Experience  
is too new a doctrine to depend upon. Until all the world tries free trade  
or protection at the same time, who can be sure, say theoretically,  
which is better? Incidentally a real issue is as more dangerous than a  
party issue for a government to handle as a make is a rabbit.

**Try to Be An Optimist.**

There are many people who breathe the air of life on the planet  
Earth, who are quitters. The first thing setback to their forward motion  
and they let out a howl, instead of pushing forward with firmness and  
determination. This season is rather a stiff one, being a year of wind-  
crop failure, it is hitting hard business concerns rather hard. The  
farmer, the rancher, the business man and the consumer in general,  
will all suffer through lack of real money. Thousands and thousands  
of bushels of unutilized wheat are standing in the snow-covered fields  
all throughout the district. If it was threshed and marketed what a differ-  
ence it would make in the local money market. As it is, there is only  
one thing to do, keep a stiff upper lip and be an optimist. "All things  
come to him who waits." The waiting business is sometimes a chilling  
stunt, but just as sure as the sun goes round, the flowers will bloom in  
spring.

**CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY**

**EASTERN CANADA**  
Low Season Trip Rates to  
ONTARIO, QUEBEC and Mari-  
time Provinces.  
Tickets on Sale December 1st to  
December 31st, inclusive. Good  
to return Within Three Months.

TICKETS issued in connection  
with Atlantic Steamships will be  
on Sale from November 10th to  
December 31st, inclusive, and  
limited to Five Months from date  
of issue.

Finest Equipment  
Standard First Class and  
Tourist Sleeping Cars  
Dining Cars on All Through Trains

Compartment - Library  
Observation Car on  
"Imperial Limited"

Apply to nearest C.P.R. Agent for  
Full Information, or  
R. G. McNeillie,  
District Passenger Agent,  
Calgary, Alta.

**CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY  
EXCURSIONS  
TO  
United States**

Duluth, Minn.  
St. Paul, Minn.  
Minneapolis, Minn.  
Milwaukee, Wis.  
Chicago, Ill.  
St. Louis, Mo.  
St. Joseph, Mo.  
Omaha, Neb.  
Des Moines, Ia.  
Kansas City, Mo.  
LOS ANGELES DAILY Dec. 1st to 31st  
Limit 8 Months  
Full Information from nearest C.P.  
R. Agent, or  
R. G. McNeillie,  
District Passenger Agent  
Calgary, Alta.

**Piano and Violin**

Mrs. D. FINLAYSON (holder of  
Senior Certificate from R.A.M.  
Eng.) gives TUITION in above.  
Piano prepared for examinations  
if desired.

**THE  
HUB**

Having taken over this well-  
known business, it is de-  
sired to announce to the  
Public that it will be con-  
tinued as

**The Hub**  
of Enjoyment and Luxury  
in Gleichen, where the best  
GAMES,

FRUIT  
CONFECTIONERY,  
Etc., Etc.  
Can always be Obtained

**A. R.  
Wallace**  
Proprietor

In his own camp a man may be  
king, and only a dux when he  
goes to strange lands.

When a dollar comes give it the  
glad hand, introduce it to your  
friends, but don't let it escape.

The cent here is one more in the  
lineage. A baby boy weighing  
one pound and a quarter has been  
born in Haman, Ontario.

Nearly all people look at the high  
prices for goods and labor that the  
other fellow charges; but do not  
look at themselves for doing the  
same thing.  
If you want a perfect newspaper,  
there is just one way to get it; write  
me. I will send you one free of  
charge.

**REVELSTOCK SAWMILL COMPANY, Ltd.**  
Dealers in  
Lumber Mouldings Plaster Cement  
Shingles Windows Doors  
Lath Lime

**Yards at Gleichen and Namaka  
and STANDARD**

Spring Operations are Commencing  
And We are Stocked with the best grades of  
Lumber and Posts Tar Paper  
and Roofing  
COME AND SEE US  
EMIEL GRIESBACH Manager

**DALDRUP & WHITFIELD**  
Builders and Contractors  
GLEICHEN ALTA.

**Good Work Done at Right  
Prices**  
Estimates Given on All Class of Buildings

J. J. Bartsch C. H. Padley  
THE  
**PIONEER MEAT MARKET**  
BARTSCH & PADLEY  
Proprietors

Dealers in  
All kinds of Fresh and Smoked Meats  
Also the Best of  
Creamery and Dairy Butter and Eggs  
HOME-MADE SAUSAGES  
A Good Variety of Fresh and Salted Fish  
Dealers in Live Stock  
COME AND SEE US

**THE  
LUMBER**  
and COAL

Anything and Everything required in Building  
Always in Stock

**W. Stuart & Co.**  
Yard near Palace Hotel, Gleichen.  
COAL DEPOT Opened in C.P.R. Yards  
Office Gleichen street and Third ave., Gleichen, Alberta

Gleichen Livery, Feed & Sale Stables

Horses and Conveyances to Hire  
Special Attention Given to LAND SEEKERS  
Competent Guides Furnished

**David C. Wishart,**  
Proprietor

**McKie & Henderson**  
REAL ESTATE  
Fire, Life and Accident Insurance

List Your Property With Us

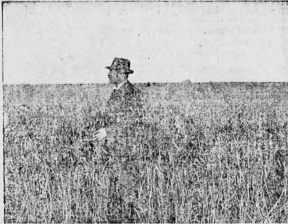
**We Have Some Really Good Buys**  
"DROP IN"

**Loose Leaf System**



# A LITTLE STORY OF IRRIGATION

When the harvest came, the farmer took off 40 1-2 bushels of winter wheat to the acre, the other man took his note to the bank to have it renewed. The farmer made enough off his crop to:



3. And to pay for  
the fences and  
other improve-  
ments on the land

Call at the office of the  
CANADIAN PACIFIC IRRIGATION  
COLONIZATION COMPANY, LTD.  
CALGARY, ALBERTA, and see the lands we have for sale.

Remember the Manager's name—JACK JAMES

as had off the men.

It seems the Gleichen creamed

It was not likely to be in operation until spring, owing to the fact that six of the directors were appointed through the stockholders to secure a future market for their product. It was interesting to note a communication appearing in the High River Times as the manager of the High River creamery was selected by Mr. M. J. McEwen, president of the board of directors, but owing to the delay caused by the shareholders he was obliged to place him at High River as he could not keep him out of town.

The High River creamery was not organized until after he left Gleichen. The High River creamery held their first meeting of the board of directors on November 10, 1907. The directors have decided to keep the creamery open all winter, whether on a paying basis or not. In order that the creamery should stay open longer they have offered to manufacture cheese for the country free of duty expenses.

This check will be put upon a market shortly, and if the demand for creamery butter is good, the creamery should not be kept off for those who are engaged in winter dairying. The business for the next three months at the creamery is as follows:

Pounds of cream.....	19.25
Pounds of butter.....	6.75
Average price received.....	28 1/2¢ per lb.
Average price paid.....	28 1/2¢ per lb.
Average price paid patrons for butter 24 1/2¢ per lb.	
Average price paid patrons for butter 28 1/2¢ per lb.	

Now this is not a very big business for such an institution, and the creamery can pay big prices for the cream. If the cream is sold to farmers should not send or bring their cream to High River creamery?

The creamery paid the first week 24¢ per lb. for cream, 21¢ for butter, when the market was 10¢ per lb., and even if farmers were getting 25¢ per lb. all year round the creamery can buy the cream at 24¢ per lb. and the butter at 21¢ per lb. Try it for a year and see. The creamery paid 20¢ per lb. for their patrons full payment.

per lb., had been deluged for months. The high prices in the store now, will not last long, but the creamery that made the price of butter rise, then why not put it back down? The creamery is the world for the farmer. With money coming in every two weeks, see the advantage obtained from the creamery. You come into town once a week, and you get your butter. If you make butter, you bring in butter, so that equalizes the price. Take your butter to the store and you only get trade, and in the store you have to pay for a milk keeper likes to give you pay for bringing your cream to the creamery and you do not have to churn, you get just as much money or more. It is just as simple as getting very good butter. Which will be better for the farmers, go into dairies or always have some spending money don't work ten months of the year for nothing, and then take half the

If you are getting 25cts. per lb. for butter all the year at stores, the creamery will pay 28cts. per lb. the year round. If you are selling to the store you are only getting an average of 21cts. per lb. the year round, and by the time you get to the creamery you are only getting 18cts. per lb. (and it costs you more) so you are only getting 20cts. per lb. If there are a number of farmers close together, that are milkers, they should form a club, and take cream to the creamery turn as you will win in the end. Now you intend to patronize the creamery, come early Friday, as first opening is about a week or so, through the gate. The quality of butter is being made, which is making a high price, and is

It would seem the likelihood

taken to reading the Call as witnessed by the following extract from a letter received last week at the office from the Holt Caterpillar of Peoria, Illinois, U.S.:

"Bow Valley Call, Gleichen, Alberta, Canada: Gentlemen: Please send us a copy of your issue of September 7th, 1911, in which you call attention to some of the advantages of the Mowbray-McKensie carburetor. We are much interested in the same, attention having been called to the unique invention by S. V. Kinsley of Central India, who called it a few days ago."

It may be added that the Caterpillar Co. are manufacturing

## Hardware : Furniture : Paints and Oils

**Also**

A Nice Line of COOK STOVES, RANGES, and  
HEATING STOVES, such as—  
Coles' Hot Blast and the Famous "Bonny Oak"  
Heaters, in assorted sizes

Now that the Threshing is in Full Swing, FARMERS  
will do well to "Give Us a Call" and  
See our line of Threshing Requirements.  
We are Sole Agents in Gleichen for the Magnet Separator  
Call In and See Us.

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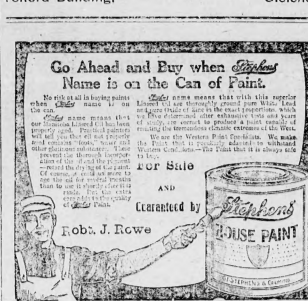
I am sending a full box of these

**Manilla Binder Twin**  
650 Feet to the Pound.

Also Wagons, Plows, Harrows,  
Discs, Drills, Seed Cleaners, Etc.,

Sole Agent in this District for the  
**Improved Brandon Sub-surface Pack**  
 This machine is highly recommended by Prof. Campbell  
 in his Soil Culture Method.

Telford Building.      -      -      -      Gleich



Advertise in The Call

**THE ALBERTA TRANSFER, L**  
A. S. Wood, Manager  
Successors to G. W. Hunter

## The Best Cartage System

Every Class of Work Carefully and Promptly Handled.

For Steam and Domestic Use



THE TRIBUNE PRINTS  
only in New York City.



Coal Oil, Gasoline  
and a Full Line of Lubricating Oils

Office: Opposite Canadian Bank of Commerce  
Phone No. 37 Gleichen, Al.











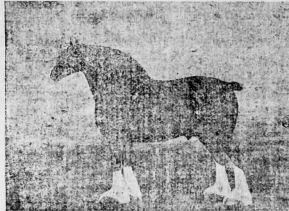
# FATHER. CHRISTMAS Will be at the Gleichen Loaded Pharmacy with the GIFTS That Delight Young and Old For the Following MONTH

## A New Brand of Flour

We are always interested in giving our Customers the Best Goods, and believe that in the CAR OF FLOUR Just Received we have the best in the Market, and want everyone to try it:

Golden Grain per sack	- \$3.50
" " 1-2 "	- 1.75
" " 1-4 "	- .95
Champion, per sack	- 3.25
" " 1-2 "	- 1.65

## BARCLAY & HALL General Merchants



COLONEL McQUEEN, (1923)  
To make Room for my New Importations I will  
offer my Extra Old Blenders--  
Master McQueen" [3451]

"Gray Times" Imp. (9324) (14390)  
and "Colonel McQueen" (8925)  
The Gleichen Champion, also Champion at Calgary and Edmonton  
Shows.

For PRICES and particulars apply to  
James Clark,  
Burnside Ranch, Crowfoot P.O., Alta.

## Advertise in The Call

## The J.C. Ranch Co

Breeders and Importers of High-Class  
Clydesdale MARES and STALLIONS  
always FOR SALE at Right Prices.

JOHN CLARK, JR.,  
Box 32, Gleichen, Alta.

## JOSEPH SIMARD

CLUNY  
Will PAY the HIGHEST PRICE  
For Good Grade of  
WHEAT and OATS  
By the load or car lots  
AGENT FOR  
John Deere Plow Co. Molme Wagons

## THE TOWN COUNCIL

The Town Council meeting last Friday evening proved to be an interesting. All of the councillors being present, although Aldermen Beach and Leggat came in somewhat late. The usual passing of the previous meeting minutes having transpired, Mayor Rose stated he believed Mr. Wade desired to address the Council and asked him to come forward. Mr. Wade started off by saying he did not wish the councillors to be present to offer advice, but desired to state that within fifteen minutes after the Call appeared last week, announcing an auction sale by him he was asked to pay when the auctioneer had the lot, but thought it hardly fair that he should pay when the auctioneer who sold the land on the Black foot reserve at Gleichen paid no license. However, he would leave the matter for the council to decide, and left the council.

The afternoon then discussed the matter in general and Ald. Henderson thought by the tone of our newspaper we needed more advice, but did not think a license could be expected from the auctioneer of the house as he was applied by the Bow Valley town. All Ald. James thought it was an exception of cases and all seemed to think that as the land auctioneer got away without paying a license it was not to ask him for it now. Finally a motion passed by Ald. Service and Dray:

"That the secretary be instructed to write Mr. Wade stating that it was impossible for the Council to grant his request for exemption from an auction license for."

During the next discussion many matters of license came up and Mr. Cribb's letter in last week's Call was referred to at various times. The mayor wanted to know if any of the councillors had ever heard of a free site being offered for the town hall. None admitted hearing it. Then Mayor turned to the call reporter and asked: "Mr. Evans you have attended our meetings as regular as any of us, and I would like to know if you ever heard at these meetings of a free site being offered for the town hall?"

The reporter admitted he had not heard of it in the council meeting, although he had missed some of them. His Wardship quite earnestly asked why the Call printed such statements doubting them to be true. The reporter replied that Mrs. Lindsay had stated these things many months ago and as far as he knew in print under his signature they were given an opportunity to reply.

This was followed by quite a lively discussion in which the mayor said he would not reply to the letter as he had done his best to serve the town, and if his services are not appreciated or acceptable he could not help it. Mr. Henderson wanted to see the letter replied to, and Mr. Service said it would be replied to. The subject was then dropped for the time with a motion carrying. Ald. Service and James.

"That the secretary write to J. S. Dennis and enquire if a free site for a town hall was at any time offered to this town, and if so where located."

An account from the C.P.R. for a payment on the eight lots in Block 14, was discussed and it was finally agreed on motion to pay the interest of \$50.

The next motion to carry was by Ald. Beach and Henderson:

"That the following accounts be paid by Finance Committee to be paid: Waterworks pay roll \$120.00; Town hall pay roll \$62. A. McLean \$6.50; W. Stacey Co., street grading account, \$151.50."

The necessity of a night telephone service was discussed and once more the Call man was called upon for information as to rates, but it was finally disposed of on motion of Ald. Service and James:

"That the secretary write the minister of Public Works at Edmonton and ask what steps are necessary to obtain a night service rate."

The engineer having put in a request for a new stationer's carriage carried by Ald. Leggat and Service:

"That the engineer be instructed to procure 200 foot and 300 six-inch sewer pipes at 11 and 17 cents each respectively."

Ald. James and Leggat carried the motion: "That the first and second reading of By-Law No. 37 be appointed a chief and assistant chief of the Fire Department be passed."

It being known the former fire brigade members paid for their own badge a motion carried by Ald. Service and James:

"That the secretary inform 14 badgees for the Fire Department."

After a somewhat lengthy discussion Ald. Service and Leggat carried:

"That a public meeting be held in the Gleichen opera House Friday evening, Dec. 15, at 8 o'clock."

## MISCELLANEOUS

Small Ads under this heading cost 5 cents the first time and 3 cents for each subsequent insertion. The advertiser is responsible for the correctness of the copy. The advertiser is responsible for the correctness of the copy. The advertiser is responsible for the correctness of the copy.

RECEIVED: Having been a year and a half in the hospital, I am now able to resume my duties. I am now able to resume my duties. I am now able to resume my duties.

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# CLASHING At REDUCTIONS THE In All READY TO WEAR MILLINERY And SHAPES OF THE BUSY STORE

## McCammon & Ramsay

## "The Bargain Store"

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Wm.  
McConnell  
Proprietor

For solid gold rings, watches and diamonds see Gaudin.

Mrs. R. R. Boxes of Swift Current is being at the home of her daughter Mrs. Fred Brindle, Corporal Irvine, of the Gleichen Horse Guards, who has been in the number of days last week, but his friends will be pleased to hear he is now able to perform his regular duties.

John McLeod and family arrived in Gleichen on Friday last on their honeymoon trip from Muller, Minn., and are spending a week visiting his brothers, D. L. and M. A. McLeod, the well-known proprietors of the Gleichen Garage. Mr. and Mrs. McLeod are much pleased with the mild weather here compared with Manitoba.

There are a great number of people in every town who are only too willing to take their opinion on what should be done for the benefit of the community, but when asked to assist in carrying out the plan they are generally too busy—being back in an easy chair wondering how they can "kill time".

Are you one of them? Whiskey is now produced in soda form, so it can be eaten. In cocktail it will now take two bites to get to the cherry.

The man who waits to laugh just may even lose his chance for a smile.

## OSLER & STUART

Builders and Contractors

Queentown - - Alta.

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